

Transition of agrarian sector of economy of Ukraine to market conditions

In the year 2015 the State Prize in the field of science and technology was nominated for a series of scientific and practical works, united on the theme of reforming the agrarian sector of Ukraine during its period of "Transformation of the agrarian sector of the Ukrainian economy to market conditions of land management". The authors of this cycle are the leading scientists-agrarians P.T. Sabluk, P.I. Gayduksky, V.Ya. Mesel-Veselyak, AS Danilenko, M.I. Malik, MM Fedorov MV Gladly, Yu.O. Lupenko, Yu.Ya. Luzan, IG Kirilenko, who also have experience in managing managerial decisions in high government positions. The first decade of market transformation in Ukraine was a period of brutal recession: the country's gross domestic product fell by 2.5 times, while the volume of agricultural production was at a low level. The further revival of the agrosphere is the result of successful transformations of economic relations, the active participation in scientific substantiation and legal registration of which were taken by the members of the author's collective of the nominated cycle of works. At the initial stage of market reforms, the recognition of the equality of all forms of ownership: state, collective, and private, which contributed to the rapid development of the sector of households and the creation of a new form of farming - farming, was of great importance. If in 1990 households produced 30% of agricultural products, then in 2000 their share reached 62%. It can be argued that in the crisis situation of the first years of independence, the economy saved the country from starvation. The exclusive merit of the author's collective, in particular NSC "Institute of Agrarian Economics", is to develop the theoretical and legal principles of land reform. Privatization of land is a complicated and multi-stage process that requires constant scientific support. Therefore, the authors developed a mechanism for land plots and their certification. An important aspect of land reform is the monetary valuation of land, the methodology of which is highlighted in author's works. According to calculations of nominees for the past 20 years, the price of land has increased by 7 times. The monetary valuation of agricultural land offered by them is widely used in the determination of rent and land tax rates. Particularly noteworthy is the clear author's position regarding the development of the modern market of agrarian lands. Having solved a set of methodological and methodological tasks for the legal registration of agricultural land turnover, the authors, at the same time, call for care and well-considered actions at the initial stage of functioning of a full-scale land market. Recognizing the need for such a market, they insist on completing the complex of preparatory works. Important research is the improvement of scientific and methodological approaches to the construction of the price mechanism of the agrosphere. According to the authors, in the price of agricultural products, the fund reimbursement is determined by the cost, and the fund of accumulation - the average rate of return on the advanced capital, equal to the sum of the value of fixed assets and circulating assets, taking into account the speed of turnover and monetary valuation of land under consideration As part of the advanced capital. The author's works pay much attention to the development of cooperation in the agrarian sector with a view to its use for the formation of the infrastructure of the agrarian market and the development of rural areas. Taking into account the demands of the present, the authors consider the possibility of using agricultural products to create alternative sources of energy. They argue that agriculture can not only provide itself with the necessary energy resources, but also create a decent competition in the markets for natural gas and oil. The direction of author's research, such as risk assessment in the development of agroindustrial complex, is of interest. While positively evaluating the high growth rate of agrarian production, the authors point out that Ukraine would like to have a highly developed rural economy, but this sector should not be the leader of the national economy. The world experience convinces that agrarian countries do not fall into the group of advanced.

Among the significant author's research is the problem of balancing demand and supply in the Ukrainian food market. The authors substantiate the need to harmonize the prices of producers and consumers of food in the inflation process in order to successfully develop the agro-food package. The

realities of the current year show the validity of this prediction: the decrease in production volumes in agriculture and the food industry is primarily due to a decrease in the purchasing power of the population. Considerable recommendations for forming a promising model of agriculture in Ukraine, which clearly define the role and place of various forms of management in the industry, should be considered as an important part of the author's collective. The authors of the cycle of works also consider the issues of assessing the activities of agricultural holdings. Recognizing this form of organization of agrarian production as highly competitive and investably attractive, they note its major disadvantage: the growth of social tensions in the village, which needs to strengthen the social orientation in the activities of the holding formations. An analysis of grain sales trends on world markets conducted by the authors has confirmed the undoubted prospect of this trend in agrarian exports of Ukraine. The great merit of the authors is the elaboration of the economic and legal mechanisms of the system of conservation and rational use of the gene pool of domestic breeds in livestock breeding. In the complex of the works under consideration, considerable attention is paid to the system of financial provision of agriculture, in particular, to increase incomes of rural residents, investment attraction policy. The cycle of agro-economic works submitted for the State Prize of Ukraine is the result of many years of scientific development that played a significant role in shaping the state policy on the development of the agro-food sector of the national economy. The high growth rates of agricultural production in the current 5-year period are largely a merit of agro-economic science, the absolute leaders of which are the members of the author's collective. This gives grounds to consider the nominated cycle of scientific and practical works outstanding scientific achievements worthy of the high prize - the State Prize of Ukraine.

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